July 27, 2021

The Honorable Patty Murray Chair, U.S. Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions 428 Senate Dirksen Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510 The Honorable Richard Burr Ranking Member, U.S. Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions 648 Hart Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Chair Murray and Ranking Member Burr:

We, the undersigned organizations, thank you for the opportunity to provide input on legislation to prepare the nation for future public health emergencies. We write to urge the committee to include provisions to help ensure timely and consistent access to medications in public emergencies.

Early in the pandemic, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommended that people taking medications for chronic health conditions obtain extra supply of their medications as part of emergency preparedness and to comply with social distancing guidelines. Many of our organizations wrote to Congress urging action to help people with chronic conditions who take maintenance medications adhere to this advice.<sup>1</sup>

In response to the needs of people with chronic conditions to comply with public health guidance, Section 3714 of the CARES Act required that Medicare Advantage and Part D plans provide 90-day supplies, regardless of utilization management, during the public health emergency. Many states also took action to address medications access in Medicaid and state-regulated health plans, including early refills and waivers of prior authorization.<sup>2</sup>

We urge the committee to build on the provisions made for the COVID-19 public health emergency and address medications access in future emergencies. Obtaining extra supplies of medications is often recommended as part of disaster and emergency preparedness. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and Ready.gov recommend an extra week-long supply of prescription medications on their page for people with disabilities.<sup>3</sup> CDC recommends an extra supply of prescription medications as part of everyday preparedness.<sup>4</sup> However, typical insurance design prohibits individuals from obtaining extra supplies or getting early refills.

Existing law addresses some emergency medications access needs but is insufficient. Some state laws allow pharmacists to dispense early fills of medications in emergencies, including up to 90-day supplies in some states,<sup>5</sup> but this does not address insurance coverage of the medication. The Emergency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup><u>https://www.epilepsy.com/sites/core/files/atoms/files/Medication%20Access%20in%20Third%20COVID%20Pack</u> <u>age%20Updated%203.25.2020.pdf</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>https://www.kff.org/report-section/state-covid-19-data-and-policy-actions-policy-actions/</u> and <u>https://www.kff.org/medicaid/issue-brief/medicaid-emergency-authority-tracker-approved-state-actions-to-</u> address-covid-19/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>https://www.ready.gov/disability</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> <u>https://www.cdc.gov/prepyourhealth/takeaction/prescriptions/index.htm</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> <u>https://blogs.cdc.gov/publichealthmatters/2019/09/prescription-preparedness/</u>

Prescription Assistance Program funds 30-day supplies of medications for people in federally designated disaster areas, but only for those without insurance.<sup>6</sup>

The need for action on coverage of medications in emergencies is also being recognized in the literature. In April of 2020, the Journal of the American Medical Association published an article calling for the financing of extra supplies of medications as part of a set of proposals to ensure access to medications during the pandemic.<sup>7</sup>

Rather than relying on Congress and state governments to act in the midst of a crisis—putting peoples' wellbeing, and sometimes lives, at stake, our nation should plan for the next public health emergency now. We urge the Committee to take action to help people with chronic conditions do their part to prepare for emergencies and comply with public health and emergency preparedness advice. The Committee should:

- 1. Ensure that people who take regular medications, regardless of their insurance coverage status, can have an extra supply on hand, at least to CDC and FEMA recommendations, to plan for known emergencies in advance, and/or;
- 2. Require that, at the declaration of an emergency, health plans be required to provide early refills, longer refill periods, medication synchronization, allow home delivery, and waive utilization management barriers.

Thank you for your attention to this important issue. For more information, contact Rachel Patterson, Senior Director of Government Relations & Advocacy at rpatterson@efa.org. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

## ACCSES

Alaska Youth and Family Network Alliance for Patient Access American Academy of Neurology American Academy of Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation American Association of People with Disabilities American Association on Health and Disability American Behcet's Disease Association (ABDA) American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network American Council of the Blind American Urological Association Angelman Syndrome Foundation Arthritis Foundation Association of University Centers on Disabilities Autism Society of America Autistic Self Advocacy Network Cancer*Care* Caregiver Action Network

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> <u>https://www.phe.gov/Preparedness/planning/epap/Pages/default.aspx</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2764562</u>

Child Neurology Foundation Cutaneous Lymphoma Foundation Dravet Syndrome Foundation Dup15q Alliance Epilepsy Alliance North Carolina **Epilepsy Foundation Iowa Epilepsy Foundation North Carolina** Epilepsy Foundation Washington Families on the Move of New York City Family Voices Global Colon Cancer Association **Global Healthy Living Foundation** GO2 Foundation for Lung Cancer Idaho Federation of Families for Children's Mental Health International Pemphigus Pemphigoid Foundation Justice in Aging Lakeshore Foundation Leukemia and Lymphoma Society Lupus and Allied Diseases Association, Inc. Lupus Foundation of America Mended Hearts & Mended Little Hearts National Association of Councils on Developmental Disabilities National Association of State Head Injury Administrators National Council on Independent Living National Down Syndrome Congress National Multiple Sclerosis Society National Organization for Rare Disorders New Jersey Association of Mental Health and Addiction Agencies, Inc. Noah's Hope Parents Helping Parents **Prevent Blindness** SynGAP Research Fund (SRF) Texas Parent to Parent The Arc of the United States The Parents' Place of MD TSC Alliance United Ostomy Associations of America, Inc. UPLIFT Vasculitis Foundation